

# DELIVERING THE EUROPEAN GREEN DEAL

Making Europe the first climate neutral continent



Europe was the first continent to declare to be climate neutral in 2050, and now we are the very first ones to put a concrete roadmap on the table. Europe walks the talk on climate policies through innovation, investment and social compensation.

Ursula von der Leyen

President of the European Commission



### Transforming EU economy and society to meet climate ambitions

- On 14 July 2021, the European Commission adopted a set of proposals to make the EU's climate, energy, land use, transport and taxation policies fit for reducing net greenhouse gas emissions by at least 55% by 2030, compared to 1990 levels.
- This first European Climate Law sets in stone Europe's goals for 90% less emissions by 2040, and ultimately to become climate neutral by 2050.
- This will make Europe the first climate-neutral continent and make the European Green Deal a reality.



# A comprehensive and interconnected set of proposals





# Achieving fair, competitive and green transition

The comprehensive and interconnected set of legislative proposals foresees:



Generating
new jobs and
increasing the
competitiven
ess of
European
industry



Transforming the EU's climate, energy and transport policies



Improving the health and wellbeing of European citizens



Aligning
taxation of
energy
sources with
the European
Green Deal
objectives



Increasing use of renewable energy and greater energy efficiency



Supporting vulnerable citizens, tackling inequality and energy poverty



### New opportunities for innovation, investment and jobs

55%

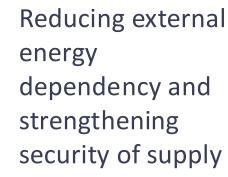




Reducing emissions



Creating jobs and growth





Addressing energy poverty



Improving our health and wellbeing



#### A fair transition for people

- The new Social Climate Fund supports EU citizens most affected or at risk of energy or mobility poverty.
- Helps mitigate the costs for those most exposed to changes, ensuring that the transition is fair and leaves no one behind.
- The green transition could create around 1 million jobs in the EU by 2030, particularly middle-skilled, middlepaying jobs, in construction and manufacturing.





# Addressing inequalities through the green transition

The Social Climate Fund will mobilise € 72.2 billion for the period 2025-2032 to:









Support households, transport users, and micro-enterprises affected by the impact of the new ETS Support investments in energy efficiency and renovation of buildings, clean heating and cooling

Provide direct
income support for
vulnerable
households

Help finance zeroand low-emission mobility



### Supporting most vulnerable for a fair transition

- The Just Transition Fund has allocated some €19.7 billion to support regions in most need of support for diversifying towards clearer industries and reskilling workers.
- The Social Climate Fund has allocated dedicated funding to support vulnerable groups and households in energy and transport poverty. Member States can use this for investing in energy efficiency, renovation of buildings, clean heating and direct financial support.
- EU Solidarity Fund mobilization of funds after disasters. In 2023, €454.8 million to support Italy (floods), Romania (drought), Türkiye (earthquake).
- EU Civil Protection Mechanism in kind assistance in case of diasters. For Cyprus, this is most prominent with the rescEU fleet of firefighting planes to combat forest fires.
- Support to farmers to cope with impact of climate change. €400 million in 23 Commission

  Member States, and additional flevibility in CAP funds

### Making transport sustainable for all

The European Commission proposes more ambitious targets for reducing the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of new cars and vans.

55%

reduction of emissions from cars by 2030

50%

reduction of emissions from vans by 2030

0

emissions from new cars by 2035





#### Making transport sustainable for all

To ensure a successful green transport transition, the Commission proposes:

 To cover road transport by emissions trading from 2026, putting a price on pollution, stimulating cleaner fuel use  To introduce carbon pricing for the aviation sector and to promote sustainable aviation fuels



 To extend carbon pricing to the maritime sector, and set targets for major ports to serve vessels with onshore power

The Commission also promotes the growth of the market for zero- and low- emissions vehicles, by ensuring that citizens have the infrastructure they need to charge these vehicles.

#### Leading the third industrial revolution

The green transition presents a major opportunity for European industry by creating markets for clean technologies and products.

- The Green Deal proposals will have an impact across entire value chains in sectors such as energy and transport, and construction and renovation, helping create sustainable, local and well paid jobs across Europe.
- Green Deal Industrial Plan (Feb 2023) providing predictable and simplified regulatory framework for boosting manufacturing of net-zero technologies and focus on innovative technologies.

35 MILLION

buildings could be renovated by 2030

160,000

additional green jobs could be created in the construction sector by 2030



#### Leading the third industrial revolution

The electrification of the economy and the greater use of renewable energy should generate higher employment in these sectors. Increasing the energy efficiency of buildings will also create jobs in construction.

The Green Deal facilitates growing sales of clean new vehicles and cleaner transport fuels, providing major opportunities for the European car industry.

Even when they are from countries with less strict climate rules, companies importing into the EU will have to pay a carbon price as well.





#### Towards a green industrial revolution

Green Deal geared at mobilising public and private investment to make Europe a hub of green industry and innovation.

- €275 Billion from NextGenerationEU and REPowerEU dedicated to clean investments. € 9.8 million EU citizens have benefited from protection measures against disasters.
- €118 Billion from the Cohesion Funds dedicated to clean transition, on infrastructure, sustainable urban mobility, energy efficiency and renewable energy.
- Adjustment in State Aid rules, to enable some €35.3 Billion in public spending to be invested in mobilising some €59.5 Billion in private investment for green transition. Since 2019, € 400 Billion in state aid spent on renewables, energy storage and infrastructure
- Important Projects of Common European Interest batteries, clean hydrogen, cloud computers. For Cyprus, the Great Sea Interconnector.

### De-carbonising our energy system

Reducing greenhouse gas emissions by at least 55% by 2030 requires higher shares
of renewable energy in electricity production and greater energy efficiency.

40%

new renewable energy target for 2030

36-39%

new 2030 energy efficiency targets for final and primary energy consumption

 The Commission also proposed to align the minimum tax rates for heating and transport with our climate objectives, while mitigating the social impact and supporting vulnerable citizens.



### Renovating buildings for greener lifestyles

- Renovation is key for reducing the energy consumption of buildings, for bringing down emissions and for reducing energy bills. In addition, renovation generates employment and economic growth.
- The new Social Climate Fund, funded by revenues from emissions trading in road transport and buildings, will provide financial support to citizens, in particular the vulnerable households, to invest in renovation or heating systems and ensure a fair transition.

#### **Buildings account for:**



**40%** of energy consumed



**36%**of energy-related greenhouse gas emissions



#### Renovating buildings for greener lifestyles

#### The Commission proposes to:

- Require Member States to renovate at least 3% of the total floor area of all public buildings annually
- Set a benchmark of 49% renewable share in the energy used in buildings by 2030
- Require Member States to increase the use of renewable energy in heating and cooling by +1.1 percentage points each year, until 2030





### Working with nature to protect our planet and health

Restoring nature and enabling biodiversity to thrive again supports

the absorption and storage of carbon.

The Commission proposes to restore Europe's forests, soils, wetlands and peatlands. This will increase absorption of  $CO_2$  and will make our environment more resilient to climate change.

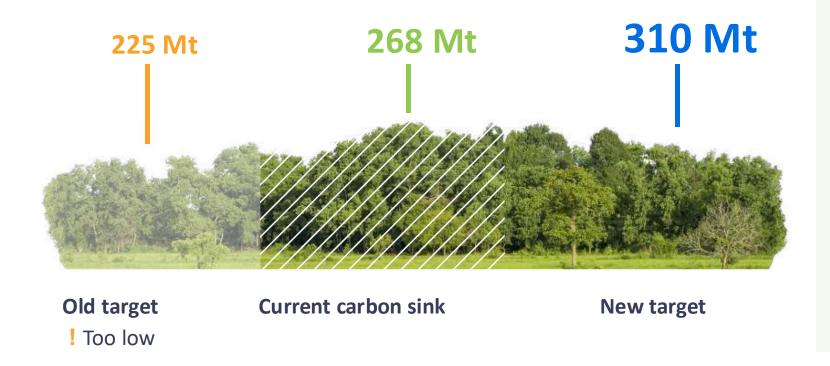
A circular and sustainable management of these resources will:

- improve our living conditions
- maintain a healthy environment
- create quality jobs
- provide sustainable energy resources



### Working with nature to protect our planet and health

New targets to increase our natural carbon sink:



The new **EU Forest Strategy** will improve the quantity and quality of EU forests by:

- Increasing forest coverage in the EU in respecting ecological principles
- Improving the resilience of forests in the EU

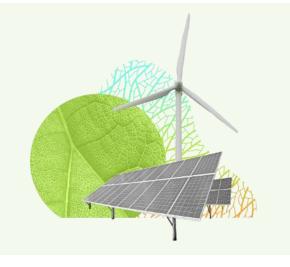
The EU Biodiversity Strategy commits to plant at least 3 billion additional trees in the EU by 2030.



#### **Boosting global climate action**

30%

of the EU's Neighbourhood,
Development and International
Cooperation Instrument supports
climate objectives



1/3

of the world's public climate finance comes from the EU and its Member States

- We engage with our international partners for a shared commitment and joint action to reduce emissions by 2030 and to have tangible goals to become climate-neutral economies by 2050.
- We work towards achieving the most ambitious possible outcome at the COP26 in Glasgow and at the COP15 on biodiversity in Kunming.

#### **Boosting global climate action**

 With investment in renewable energy technologies, we are developing expertise and products that will also benefit the rest of the world.

- With the shift to green transport, we will create world leading companies which can serve a growing global market.
- By working with our international partners, we will reduce emissions together in maritime transport and aviation around the world.





#### **Additional resources**

- Webpage 'Delivering the European Green Deal' <a href="https://europa.eu/!XwJXrM">https://europa.eu/!XwJXrM</a>
- Thematic factsheets <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/info/publications/delivering-european-green-deal\_en">https://ec.europa.eu/info/publications/delivering-european-green-deal\_en</a>
- Audiovisual material <a href="https://audiovisual.ec.europa.eu/en/topnews/M-006759">https://audiovisual.ec.europa.eu/en/topnews/M-006759</a>
- Social media: follow #EUGreenDeal for all news and updates



### Thank you





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